Al-Farabi Kazakh National University Faculty of Biology and Biotechnology

Department of Biodiversity and Bioresources



EDUCATIONAL-METHODICAL COMPLEX OF DISCIPLINE

PGR 5207

«Plant Population Genetics»

Specialty "6M061300-Geobotany"

Educational program "6M061300-Geobotany "

Course – 1
Semester – 1
Number of credits – 3

Almaty 2018

Educational-methodical complex of the discipline is made by candidate of biological sciences, Professor Turuspekov Y.K.
Based on the working curriculum on the specialty
6M061300-Geobotany
Considered and recommended at the meeting of the Department of Biorecourses and Biodiversity from « <u>18</u> » <u>august</u> 2018, protocol № <u>1</u>
Head of Department Kurmanbayeva M.S.
Recommended by Methodical Bureau of the Faculty « » 2018, protocol №
Chairman of the Method Bureau of the Faculty Ahr Kulbayeva M.S.

AL-FARABI KAZAKH NATIONAL UNIVERSITY

Faculty of Biology and Biotechnology Department of Biodiversity and Bioresources

Syllabus Plant Population Genetics 6M061300-Geobotany Fall semester, 2018-2019 academic year

Academic course information

Discipline's	Discipline's title	Туре	No. of hours per week			Number	ECTS
code			Lect.	Pract.	Lab.	of credits	
	« Academic course information»	BC (basic compo nent)	2	1		3	
Lecturer		Turuspekov Yerlan, Professor		Off	ice hours	Scheduled	
e-mail	yerlant	@yahoo.c	om				
Telephones	39	4 80 06					

Academic	The twoining course a Plant Develotion Courtism is alasti
presentation of	The training course « Plant Population Genetics» is elective course in the educational program of master specialty 6M061300 – Geobotany.
the course	The aim of the course: The major purpose of the course is to learn importance
the course	
	and principles of population genetics of organisms and gain theoretical and
	practical knowledge related to thorough description of plant populations learning major tools and technologies behind genetic evaluation of population
	structures.
	1. systemically represent and understand the specifics of the scientific knowledge of plant population genetics
	2. demonstrate an understanding of the plant population structure
	3. to critical assessment of scientific literature, preparation of scientific presentations and research proposals related to population genetics
	4. technologies (including new generation technologies) utilized in evaluations of the
	level of genetic diversity in plant species
	5. form a systematic approach to the study of plant biodiversity as a wide range of
	disciplines in earth sciences
	6. share the results obtained from the scientific research community, to engage in
	dialogue, to defend the point of view;
	7. work in a team;
	8. evaluate the genetic diversity of the plant populations
Prerequisites	Botany, Genetics, Molecular Biology and Bioinformatics.
References and	References
Resources	The basic literature:
	1. Freeman S., Herron J. Evolutionary analysis. Upper Saddle River, NJ 07458
	USA 207, 576p
	2. Pevsner J. Bioinformatics and Functional Genomics. Maryland, USA 2009
	992.
	3. Rogstad, SH; pelikan, S. Genetic Diversity in Establishing Plant Populations
	Founder Number and Geometry. 1st ed. Enfield, NH: CRC Press, 2011. 1st ed
	ISBN: 9781578087211. p.
	4. Lönn, M. (1994). Genetic variation in plant populations and its relation to

	environmental and population parameters / by Mikael Lönn. Uppsala : Acta
100	Universitatis Upsaliensis; Stockholm: Distributor, Almqvist & Wiksell
	International, 1994.
	5. Hazzouri, KM; Purugganan, MD; Flowers, JM. Population Genomics of Plant
	Species. 2014. 311 p. ISBN: 978-0-12-417182-4.
	6. Brigham, CA; Schwartz, MW. Population viability in plants: conservation,
	management, and modeling of rare plants / C.A. Brigham, M.W. Schwartz (eds.).
	Berlin; New York: Springer, c2003., 2003. (Ecological studies: v. 165). ISBN:
	3540439099.
Academic	Academic Behavior Rules:
policy of the	Compulsory attendance in the classroom, the impermissibility of late
course in the	attendance. Without advance notice of absence and undue tardiness to the
context of	teacher is estimated at 0 points.
university	Submission of assignments (Independent work of students, midterm control,
moral and	laboratory tasks, projects and etc.) prior to the deadlines. The violation of
ethical values	submission deadlines leads to the deduction of penalty points.
	Academic values:
	Academic honesty and integrity: independent performance of assignments;
	inadmissibility of plagiarism, forgery, cheating at all stages of the knowledge
	control, and disrespectful attitude towards teachers. (The code of KazNU
	Student's honor)
Γ 1 4' 1	Students with disabilities may receive advice via E- address, phone
Evaluation and	Criteria-based evaluation: assessment of learning outcomes in correlation with
attestation	descriptors (verification of competence formation during midterm control and
policy	examinations).
	Summative evaluation: evaluation of the presence and activity of the work in
	the classroom; assessment of the assignment, independent work of students,
	(project / case study / program /)
Calendar	The formula for calculating the final grade.
(schedule) the	Weekly description of lecture topics, practical / seminar / laboratory / project
implementation	work, assignments for independent work of students; an indication of the topic
of the course	scope and grading scheme, including an assessment of the control task.
content	Summary and analysis of the curriculum content after the first half of the
(Appendix 1)	semester (midterm control 1) in the form of a scientific essay / system-oriented
(Appendix 1)	analysis of scientific issues of studied topics / presentation of individual case
	studies / evaluation of personal contribution to the development of a group project assignment, and others.
	project assignment, and others.

Calendar (schedule) the implementation of the course content

*** 1 /	Calendar (schedule) the implementation of t		7 DE 1000 CO
Week /	Topic title (lectures, practical classes,	Number of	Maximum score
date	Independent work of students)	hours	
1	2	3	4
1 *	Lecture 1. Introduction to Population Genetics.	2	
	Laboratory work 1. History of plant population genetics. Vocabulary of PG.	1	10
2	Lecture 2. Plant speciation. Selection and Mutations	2	
	Laboratory work 2. The role of hybridization in plant speciation.	1	10
3	Lecture 3. Botanical assessment of flora diversity.	2	

(Laboratory work 3. Preparation of herbarium specimen	1	10
	IWST. Consultation and acceptance of		10
	IWS's tasks № 1: Overview of scientific		**
	literature for plant taxonomy.		
4	Lecture 4. Botanical assessment of flora	2	
	diversity	=	
	Laboratory work 4. Assessment of diversity	1	10
	and conservation status of rare		
	plants. DNA extraction and purification		
5	Lecture 5. The importance of studying DNA	2	
	Laboratory work 5. The features of plant	1	10
	genomes		
	IWST. Consultation and acceptance of		10
	IWS's tasks № 2: DNA barcoding markers:		
	types and applications		
6	Lecture 6. Molecular plant taxonomy	2	
	Laboratory (practice) studies 6. Molecular	1	10
	techniques to assess plant diversity. DNA		
	barcoding protocols		
7	Lecture 7. Plastid genome evolution	2	
	Laboratory work 7. Hyper variable regions	1	10
	of chloroplast markers		
	IWST. Consultation and acceptance of		10
	IWS's tasks № 3: Variation in nucleotide		
	sequences in plant population		
Collecting	scores (seminars, laboratory works and IWS)		100
8	Lecture 8. Complexity of Plant Genomes	2	
	Laboratory work 8. Features of plant species	1	8
	genomes: examples and application in practice		
Midterm E			100
9	Lecture 9. Polymorphism of DNA markers and	2	and the second second and the second
	their use in PG studies	113	
	Laboratory work 9. Features of different	1	8
	types of DNA markers		
	IWST. Consultation and acceptance of		8
	IWS's tasks № 4:		Ü
	NCBI databases: types and application		
10	Lecture 10. Pairwise sequence alignment	2	
	Laboratory work 10. Comparative analysis	1	8
	of different methods in pairwise sequence	1	O
	alignment		
11	Lecture 11. Whole genome sequencing in	2	
1.1	plant population studies	2	
	Laboratory work 11. New generation	1	8
	technologies	1	O
	IWST. Consultation and acceptance of		10
	IWS's tasks № 5:		10
	Chloroplast genomes: diversity, evolution, and applications in population genetics		

inal exa	M ** SHE FAIRBIN MILLS		100
Collecting scores (seminars, laboratory works and IWS)			100
	IWST. Consultation and acceptance of IWS's tasks № 7: Intra- and inter population variability using polymorphic DNA markers		10
	Laboratory work 15. Conservation of genetic resources ex situ	1	8
15	Lecture 15. Practical applications of Population Genetics	2	
	Laboratory work 14. GenBanks and their role in conservation of genetic resources	1	8
14	Lecture 14. Conservation of biological resources	2	*
	IWST. Consultation and acceptance of IWS's tasks № 6: Understanding Evolutionary Trees. Steps in constructing an evolutionary tree		8
	Laboratory work 13. Basic bioinformatics principles in construction of trees	1	8
13	Lecture 13. Construction of molecular evolutionary phylogenetic trees	2	
	Laboratory work 12. Common software packages: basic rules of use	1	8
12	Lecture 12. Bioinformatics in population genetics	2	

Dean of the Faculty

Chairman of the Faculty Methodical Bureau

Head of the Department

Lecturer

Zayadan B.K.

Kulbayeva M.S.

Kurmanbayeva M.S.

Turuspekov Y.K.

